known Swedish naturalist. This and the S. erythaca, described above, differ from the true Saperdæ in the antennæ being claviform, with the third joint not longer than the first or following ones.

Glenea collaris.

G. nigra; fronte prothoraceque fascià posticà pallide-ochraceis; elytris fusco-olivaceis sub-lævigatis, lineis duabus, una suturali altera exteriori griseis; palpis, femoribus tibiisque basi testaceis. Borneo.

Front of the head and cheeks, and broad band on the prothorax behind, pale ochre yellow; elytra olive brown, with a narrow stripe along the suture, and another from the shoulder to the apex, dull greyish; palpi, femora, and upper part of the tibiæ, testaceous.

Length 6 lines.

Glenea extensa.

G. olivacea, nigro-pubescens; capite, prothorace elytrisque lineis ochraceis, corpore subtus vittis albis ornatis; antennis articulo tertio apice albo. Borneo.

Olive, with a black velvety pubescence; head, thorax and elytra with longitudinal distinct buff yellow lines, one behind the eye, another in front ascending to the vertex, where it nearly unites with its fellow; on the prothorax five, the lowermost rather indistinct; on the elytra an interrupted line on the suture, and another from the shoulder to the apex, between these, one short and oblique at the base, and in the middle a transverse lunar mark; body beneath with two white stripes; antennæ black, apex of the third joint snowy white.

Length 8 lines.

Allied to G. versuta, Newm.

Glenea relicta.

G. atra, sub-nitida; capite, scutello, corpore subtus, prothoraceque lineis tribus albis; elytris olivaceis, albo-guttatis; pedibus fuscis. China Borealis.

Black, slightly shining; face, scutellum and body beneath with a white pubescence, vertex and prothorax black, the latter with three white stripes; elytra olive brown, coarsely punctured with five white spots on each; antennæ and legs dark brown, the four posterior femora testaceous at the base, tarsi with a white pubescence.

Length 4 lines.

Affinity with G. novem-maculata, Dj.